§50.21

no more than 40 percentage points, during a 30 calendar day period of significant stress;

- (iv) Not issued by a financial sector entity and not issued by a consolidated subsidiary of a financial sector entity;
- (v) If held by a depository institution, is not acquired in satisfaction of a debt previously contracted (DPC); and
- (vi) If held by a consolidated subsidiary of a depository institution, the depository institution can include the publicly traded common equity share in its level 2B liquid assets only if the share is held to cover net cash outflows of the depository institution's consolidated subsidiary in which the publicly traded common equity share is held, as calculated by the national bank or Federal savings association under subpart D of this part.

§ 50.21 High-quality liquid asset amount.

- (a) Calculation of the HQLA amount. As of the calculation date, a national bank's or Federal savings association's HQLA amount equals:
- (1) The level 1 liquid asset amount; plus
- (2) The level 2A liquid asset amount; plus
- (3) The level 2B liquid asset amount; minus
- (4) The greater of:
- (i) The unadjusted excess HQLA amount; and
- (ii) The adjusted excess HQLA amount.
- (b) Calculation of liquid asset amounts—(1) Level 1 liquid asset amount. The level 1 liquid asset amount equals the fair value of all level 1 liquid assets held by the national bank or Federal savings association as of the calculation date that are eligible HQLA, less the amount of the reserve balance requirement under section 204.5 of Regulation D (12 CFR 204.5).
- (2) Level 2A liquid asset amount. The level 2A liquid asset amount equals 85 percent of the fair value of all level 2A liquid assets held by the national bank or Federal savings association as of the calculation date that are eligible HQLA.
- (3) Level 2B liquid asset amount. The level 2B liquid asset amount equals 50

percent of the fair value of all level 2B liquid assets held by the national bank or Federal savings association as of the calculation date that are eligible HOLA.

- (c) Calculation of the unadjusted excess HQLA amount. As of the calculation date, the unadjusted excess HQLA amount equals:
- (1) The level 2 cap excess amount;
- (2) The level 2B cap excess amount.
- (d) Calculation of the level 2 cap excess amount. As of the calculation date, the level 2 cap excess amount equals the greater of:
- (1) The level 2A liquid asset amount plus the level 2B liquid asset amount minus 0.6667 times the level 1 liquid asset amount; and
 - (2) 0.
- (e) Calculation of the level 2B cap excess amount. As of the calculation date, the level 2B excess amount equals the greater of:
- (1) The level 2B liquid asset amount minus the level 2 cap excess amount minus 0.1765 times the sum of the level 1 liquid asset amount and the level 2A liquid asset amount; and
 - (2) 0.
- (f) Calculation of adjusted liquid asset amounts—(1) Adjusted level 1 liquid asset amount. A national bank's or Federal savings association's adjusted level 1 liquid asset amount equals the fair value of all level 1 liquid assets that would be eligible HQLA and would be held by the national bank or Federal savings association upon the unwind of any secured funding transaction (other than a collateralized deposit), secured lending transaction, asset exchange, or collateralized derivatives transaction that matures within 30 calendar days of the calculation date where the national bank or Federal savings association will provide an asset that is eligible HQLA and the counterparty will provide an asset that will be eligible HQLA; less the amount of the reserve balance requirement under section 204.5 of Regulation D (12 CFR 204.5).
- (2) Adjusted level 2A liquid asset amount. A national bank's or Federal savings association's adjusted level 2A liquid asset amount equals 85 percent of the fair value of all level 2A liquid assets that would be eligible HQLA and

would be held by the national bank or Federal savings association upon the unwind of any secured funding transaction (other than a collateralized deposit), secured lending transaction, asset exchange, or collateralized derivatives transaction that matures within 30 calendar days of the calculation date where the national bank or Federal savings association will provide an asset that is eligible HQLA and the counterparty will provide an asset that will be eligible HQLA.

- (3) Adjusted level 2B liquid asset amount. A national bank's or Federal savings association's adjusted level 2B liquid asset amount equals 50 percent of the fair value of all level 2B liquid assets that would be eligible HQLA and would be held by the national bank or Federal savings association upon the unwind of any secured funding transaction (other than a collateralized deposit), secured lending transaction, asset exchange, or collateralized derivatives transaction that matures within 30 calendar days of the calculation date where the national bank or Federal savings association will provide an asset that is eligible HQLA and the counterparty will provide an asset that will be eligible HQLA.
- (g) Calculation of the adjusted excess HQLA amount. As of the calculation date, the adjusted excess HQLA amount equals:
- (1) The adjusted level 2 cap excess amount; plus
- (2) The adjusted level 2B cap excess amount.
- (h) Calculation of the adjusted level 2 cap excess amount. As of the calculation date, the adjusted level 2 cap excess amount equals the greater of:
- (1) The adjusted level 2A liquid asset amount plus the adjusted level 2B liquid asset amount minus 0.6667 times the adjusted level 1 liquid asset amount; and
 - (2) 0.
- (i) Calculation of the adjusted level 2B excess amount. As of the calculation date, the adjusted level 2B excess liquid asset amount equals the greater of:
- (1) The adjusted level 2B liquid asset amount minus the adjusted level 2 cap excess amount minus 0.1765 times the sum of the adjusted level 1 liquid asset

amount and the adjusted level 2A liquid asset amount; and

(2) 0.

§ 50.22 Requirements for eligible highquality liquid assets.

- (a) Operational requirements for eligible HQLA. With respect to each asset that is eligible for inclusion in a national bank's or Federal savings association's HQLA amount, a national bank or Federal savings association must meet all of the following operational requirements:
- (1) The national bank or Federal savings association must demonstrate the operational capability to monetize the HQLA by:
- (i) Implementing and maintaining appropriate procedures and systems to monetize any HQLA at any time in accordance with relevant standard settlement periods and procedures; and
- (ii) Periodically monetizing a sample of HQLA that reasonably reflects the composition of the national bank's or Federal savings association's eligible HQLA, including with respect to asset type, maturity, and counterparty characteristics:
- (2) The national bank or Federal savings association must implement policies that require eligible HQLA to be under the control of the management function in the national bank or Federal savings association that is charged with managing liquidity risk, and this management function must evidence its control over the HQLA by either:
- (i) Segregating the HQLA from other assets, with the sole intent to use the HQLA as a source of liquidity; or
- (ii) Demonstrating the ability to monetize the assets and making the proceeds available to the liquidity management function without conflicting with a business or risk management strategy of the national bank or Federal savings association;
- (3) The fair value of the eligible HQLA must be reduced by the outflow amount that would result from the termination of any specific transaction hedging eligible HQLA;
- (4) The national bank or Federal savings association must implement and maintain policies and procedures that determine the composition of its eligible HQLA on each calculation date, by: